

More on Theorem

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Converse of Cauchy-Goursat theorem is true?

If for simple closed contour C in a simply connected domain

D

$$\int_C f(z) dz = 0$$

then f is analytic?



1:05 / 9:17

Scroll for details



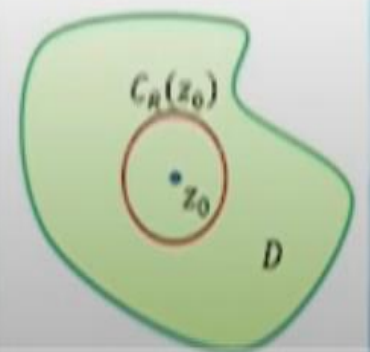
Gauss's mean value theorem

If f is analytic in a simply connected domain D that contains the circle

$$C_R(z_0) = \{z: |z - z_0| = R\}$$

then

$$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(z_0 + Re^{it}) dt$$



3:39 / 9:17

Scroll for details



Gauss's Mean Value Theorem

Example (Gauss's mean value theorem): Evaluate

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \exp(5e^{it} + i\pi) dt$$

Solution: The function $f(z) = \exp(z)$ is analytic hence, by Gauss's mean value theorem

$$\int_0^{2\pi} \exp(5e^{it} + \pi i) dt = (2\pi) \exp(i\pi) = -2\pi.$$

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MC200203827: TAHSEEN HASSAN Time Left 88 sec(s)

MTH632:Quiz # 3 Quiz Start Time: 03:44 PM, 13 August 2021

Question # 2 of 10 (Start time: 03:45:48 PM, 13 August 2021) Total Marks: 1

Each simple closed curve C divides the plane into two domains (connected open sets). One of which is unbounded and is called the _____ of C.

Select the correct option

exterior

interior

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

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MC200203827: TAHSEEN HASSAN Time Left 87 sec(s)

MTH632: Quiz # 3 Quiz Start Time: 03:44 PM, 13 August 2021

Question # 1 of 10 (Start time: 03:44:56 PM, 13 August 2021) Total Marks: 1

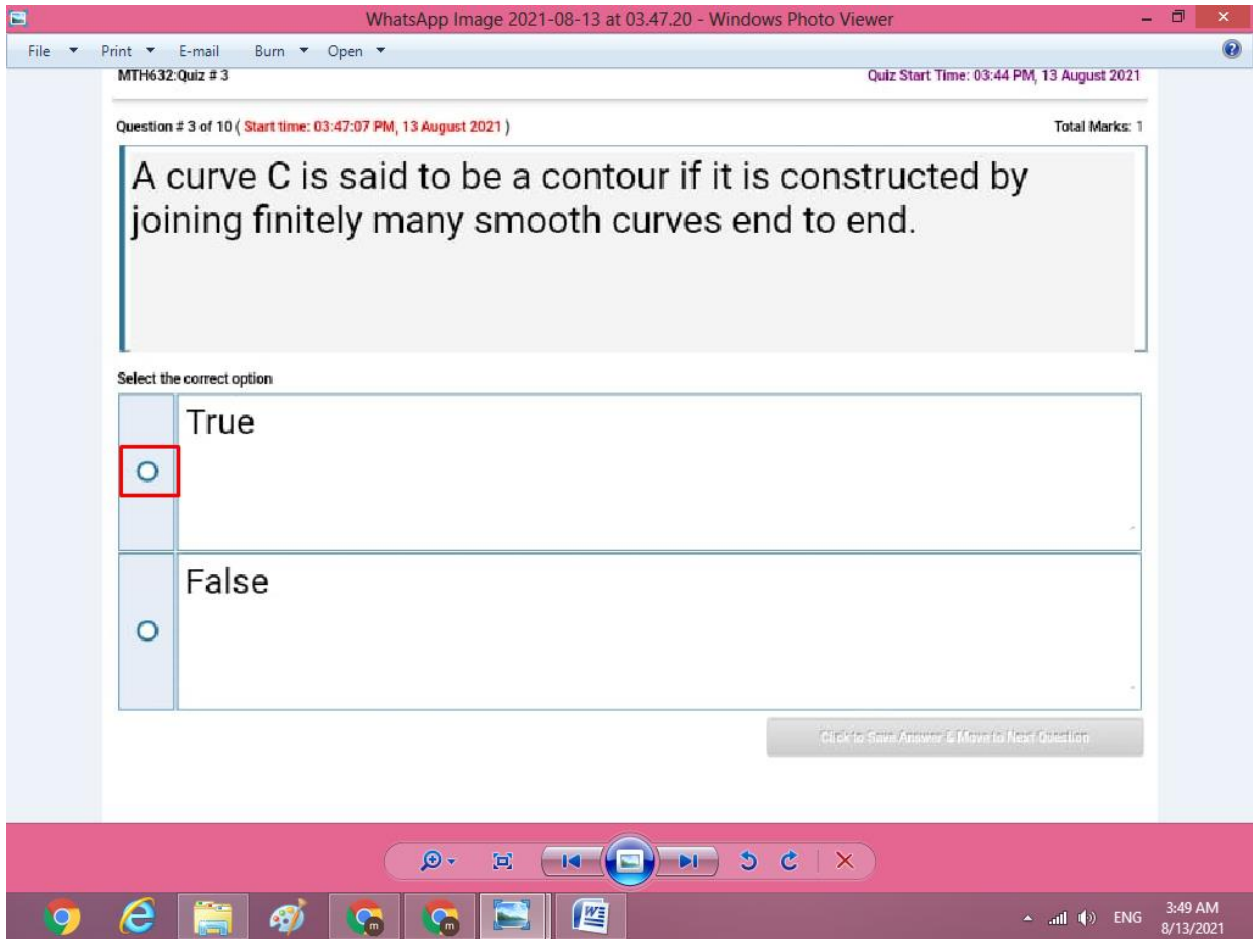
Let C_1 and C_2 be two simple closed contours with positively oriented such that $C_1 - C_2$ is positively oriented as boundary of the region R then

Select the correct option Reload Math Equations

<input checked="" type="radio"/>	$\int_{C_1 - C_2} f(z) dz = 0$
<input type="radio"/>	$\int_{C_1 - C_2} f(z) dz < 0$
<input type="radio"/>	$\int_{C_1 - C_2} f(z) dz \neq 0$
<input type="radio"/>	$\int_{C_1 - C_2} f(z) dz > 0$

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

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MTH632: Quiz # 3

Quiz Start Time: 03:44 PM, 13 August 2021

Question # 3 of 10 (Start time: 03:47:07 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

A curve C is said to be a contour if it is constructed by joining finitely many smooth curves end to end.

Select the correct option

- True
- False

Click to Save Answer or Move to Next Question

MTH632:Quiz # 3

Time Left: sec(s)
Quiz Start Time: 03:44 PM, 13 August 2021

Question # 4 of 10 (Start time: 03:47:51 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

Evaluate $\int_C f(z) dz$ where $C: f(z) = e^{it}$ for $0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ and $f(z) = 1/z$

Select the correct option

Reload Math Equations

- πi
- $-2\pi i$
- $2\pi i$
- $-\pi i$

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

Question # 5 of 10 (Start time: 03:48:29 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

Let $f(t)$ be continuous function on contour C and L be length of C . For all t in contour C , $|f(t)| \leq M$ then

Select the correct option

Reload Math Equations

- $|\int_C f(t) dt| \leq ML$
- $|\int_C f(t) dt| \geq ML$
- $|\int_C f(t) dt| > ML$
- $|\int_C f(t) dt| < ML$

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

Question # 6 of 10 (Start time: 03:49:44 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

If a function $f(z) = e^{iz}$ and its derivatives are analytic, and C is simple closed contour that bounds some domain which contain z_0 , then $\int_C \frac{f(z)}{(z - z_0)^4} dz$

Select the correct option

[Reload Math Equations](#)

- $\frac{\pi i}{3} e^{iz_0}$
- $\frac{2\pi}{3} e^{iz_0}$
- $\frac{2\pi i}{3} e^{iz_0}$
- $\frac{\pi}{3} e^{iz_0}$



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MTH632:Quiz # 3 Time Left sec(s) Quiz Start Time: 08:30 PM, 12 August 2021

Question # 8 of 10 (Start time: 12:37:37 PM, 13 August 2021) Total Marks: 1

If function f is an analytic function in simple connected domain where $C_R(z_0) = \{z(t) : |z - z_0| = R, 0 \leq t \leq 2\pi$ and R be the radius of circle, then

Select the correct option Reload Math Equations

$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(z_0 + Re^{it}) dt$

$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(z_0 + Re^{it}) dt$

$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{4\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} f(z_0 + Re^{it}) dt$

$f(z_0) = \frac{1}{2\pi i} \int_0^{2\pi} f(z_0 + Re^{it}) dt$

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Quiz Start Time: 03:44

PM, 13 August 2021)

Evaluate $\int_C f(z)dz$ where $C: z(t) = (x + iy)t$ for $a \leq t \leq b$ and $f(z) = z$

$\frac{(b^2 - a^2)(x + iy)^2}{2}$

$\frac{(b^2 - a^2)(x + iy)}{2}$

$\frac{(b^2 + a^2)(x + iy)^2}{2}$

$\frac{(b^2 + a^2)(x + iy)}{2}$

4:08 AM 8/13/2021

Question # 1 of 10 (Start time: 05:12:56 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

Let z_0 and z_1 be two points in simply connected domain D
and f be an analytic complex valued function in D and C be contour by joining z_0 and z_1 then

Select the correct option

Reload Math Equations

- $\int_{z_0}^{z_1} f(s)ds = F(z_1) - F(z_0)$
- $\int_{z_0}^{z_1} f(s)ds = F(z_0) + F(z_1)$
- $\int_{z_0}^{z_1} f(s)ds = F(z_1) + F(z_0)$
- $\int_{z_0}^{z_1} f(s)ds = F(z_0) - F(z_1)$

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

MC190401108: HAFIZ MUHAMMAD RIZWAN

Time Left 88 sec(s)

MTH632:Quiz # 3

Quiz Start Time: 05:12 PM, 13 August 2021

Question # 4 of 10 (Start time: 05:15:25 PM, 13 August 2021)

Total Marks: 1

Evaluate $\int_C f(z)dz$ where $C : z(t) = e^{it}$ for $0 \leq t \leq \pi$ and $f(z) = 1/z$

Select the correct option

Reload Math Equations

- $-\pi i$
- $i\pi$
- $-2\pi i$
- $2\pi i$

Click to Save Answer & Move to Next Question

Consider function $f(z) = \exp(z^2 + 1)$ be differentiable and its derivatives are continuous

Select the correct option

- 1
- 0
- 1
- 2



Evaluate the integral $\int_C \frac{e^z}{z^4} dz$ where the contour $C: |z|=1$

Total Marks: 1

The correct option

Reload Math Equations

$\frac{2\pi i}{3}$

$\frac{4\pi i}{3}$

$\frac{8\pi i}{3}$

$\frac{\pi i}{3}$



MTH632:Quiz # 3

Question # 1 of 10 (Start time: 00:13:49 PM, 13 August 2021)

Consider function $f(z) = \exp(z^2 + 1)$ be differentiable and its derivatives are continuous in domain D then $\int_C f(z) dz = \dots$ where C

Select the correct option

0

1

-1

2

