



EDU601

Quiz 2

ABSTRACT

This comprehensive collection of notes is accurately crafted to empower students to excel academically, ensuring they achieve a minimum of 80% marks in their examinations. The content is organized with clarity and precision, focusing on key concepts, critical analyses, and practical applications tailored to the syllabus. These notes serve as a reliable resource for both thorough preparation and last-minute revision. Designed to inspire confidence and mastery, this guide is an essential tool for students striving for academic excellence.

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Philosophy of Education

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1. Rousseau was in favor of _____ Education. **Women**
2. Silent demonstration allowed a normal child to concentrate on: **activity**
3. In which stage rote learning is from of learning? **2 B stages**
4. “We must form in children the character of a child, and not the character of a citizen”. This statement advocated by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
5. How school system can be changed eventually by? **Humanistic teaching approach**
6. Obeying what feels good and reasonable and moral is a type of which of the following obedience? **Kantian**
7. Which is not a part of Rousseau curriculum stage 3? **Mathematics**
8. Activity increases our _____ **Strength & passion**
9. Child is _____ by nature. **Good**
10. Who was the first philosopher to formulate logic for teaching procedures? **Aristotle**
11. Greek scientist and philosopher Aristotle was born in which of the following year? **384 BC**
12. In which year Adler participated in Socratic discussion group? **1921**
13. How school system can be change eventually by? **Humanistic teaching approach**
14. _____ has been criticized for ignoring the importance of the student in the learning. **Bagley**
15. Law of necessity was presented by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
16. Who is Founder of social reconstruction-ism? **Theodore Brameld**
17. Which of the following philosopher believed that rationality is a necessary condition of morality? **Kant**
18. How truth be tested in pragmatism? **Experimentation**
19. Absolute and Volunteer obedience are two types of obedience according to which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
20. A thinking process in which you proceed from general to specific statements using prescribed rules of logic: **Deductive Reasoning**
21. Who said that child must not be allowed to develop habits born of social interactions, rather instinct and emotions must be adhered to? **Rousseau**
22. Which is not included in Rousseau's curriculum? **Book knowledge**
23. Who was the philosopher who came after the famous Plato or was one of the students of Plato? **Aristotle**
24. Aristotle states that if we ask what the highest good of human action is: **nearly everyone agrees that it is happiness**
25. To avoid criticism say nothing, do nothing and be nothing is quoted by _____. **Aristotle**
26. In Aristotle’s terminology, incontinence is when? **One know that one's actions are wrong but does them anyway**
27. The knowledge comes from? **Senses**
28. The essentialist curriculum is not designed in order to prepare students for **citizenship or work**
29. In which stage Moral training is emphasized? **Infancy not sure**
30. Who said that children required a stress free environment? **Maria Montessori**
31. According to Aristotle, we should begin ethical inquiry by specifying? **The aim of human life**
32. “We live in an age of discipline, culture, and reinforcement, but we are still a long way off from the age of moral training.” This statement was advocated by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**

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33. What is the ultimate aim of Rousseau Emile's? **goodness**
34. The _____ is a body of techniques for investigating phenomena, acquiring new knowledge, or correcting and integrating previous knowledge. **Scientific method**
35. What the child learn fast from nature? **Goodness**
36. Education teaches virtue & promotes _____. **Wisdom**
37. Which element become an important part of Dewey's pedagogical philosophy? **Experientialism**
38. Who was the first one that recognize the social rights of children in history? **Montessori**
39. From which university John Dewey studied philosophy? **Hopkins**
40. Moralization is a way of achieving which of the following enlightenment? **Volunteer**
41. In Aristotle's view the virtues are: **Acquired through habit**
42. Man is a naturally good creature, is saying by **Rousseau**
43. The allegory of cave present us with _____. **A story of prisoners and one escape**
44. Which is not included in Rousseau's Curriculum? **Books knowledge**
45. According to Kant, moral laws are: **Necessary and apply to all rational beings**
46. What the child learn fast from nature? **Goodness**
47. The dialectic method crosses a divide line between matter and _____. **Idea**
48. Which method is considered as respected method for classroom research? **observation of students**
49. Who were the three famous Greek philosophers? **Socrates, Plato, Aristotle**
50. According to which of the following philosopher, "Man can only become man by education"? **Kant**
51. Which of the following ethical theories would agree that the consequences of an action make it right or wrong? **Utilitarianism**
52. Which philosopher was Aristotle's master? **Plato**
53. According to which philosopher "humans are the only being in need of an education"? **Kant**
54. According to Rousseau what things made the individual free? **The social institution**
55. According to Plato, teaching methodology also involves certain technicalities and specific elements? **Storytelling and literature**
56. Aristotle was the first philosopher to formulate _____. **Logic for teaching procedures**
57. In which university John Dewey work as an instructor? **Michigan**
58. Montessori work with: **Typical Children**
59. Which one is the fostering, nurturing and nourishing process? **Education**
60. What are the primary source of education? **Overall Environment**
61. According to Kant's approach to moral philosophy, ethics is based on the consequence of ones. **The consequence of one's action**
62. 'Oregon' is the Book of _____ **Aristotle**
63. School founded by Aristotle _____ **Lyceum**
64. Where did Socrates and his student live most of the time _____ **Athens**
65. The moral training can be provided by formulated the basic principle of the moral relationship of individual human beings with themselves and with their fellow men. This statement was advocated by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
66. Which one is the primary condition of growth? **Immaturity**

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67. The unconscious influence of the environment affects? **Human and animals**
68. It is a way of educating “the masses of humanity” to critically analyze themselves in relation to their society. **Curriculum**
69. Who was the famous philosopher of Greek philosophy? **Plato**
70. According to which of the following philosopher’s idea of shame, children don’t have a deeply rooted sense of honour? **Kant**
71. The ability of an individual to retain or maintain growth that education brings about in the set direction is: **Development**
72. Laws of a person’s nature must be discovered through **Investigation**
73. Who said that “education is necessity of life: **Dewey**
74. Essentially the realization & the exercise of _____ **virtue**
75. According to Aristotle, happiness is: **1921**
76. Axiology is the study of _____ **Values**
77. Children often learn _____ concepts with brief instruction. **Advanced**
78. Direction can be both successive and _____ **Simultaneous**
79. Who implemented the pragmatism theory in educational institutes? **John Dewey**
80. Go back to nature’, or to ‘follow the nature ‘saying by: **Rousseau**
81. What did Plato do in order to start his own school? **He wrote what Socrates has taught him**
82. Paideia Proposal Educational Manifesto was signed in: **1982**
83. The most permanent and influential modes of control are those which operate: **Continuously**
84. Stages of development constructed by Piaget are representative of. **Western society and culture**
85. Plato teachings method are _____ **Dialectic didactic**
86. “Children must be subject to the law of necessity”. This statement was advocated by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
87. According to Kant, the supreme principle of morality is: _____ **Analytic and a posteriori**
88. John Dewey dissertation was based on: _____ **Kantian psychology**
89. Infant stage starts from years: **Birth-2**
90. Aristotle divides virtues into _____ **Natural & intellectual**
91. _____ Believe that education should focus on the whole child, rather than on the content or the teacher. **Progressivists**
92. Which one is not an adequate motivator for children by Dewey? _____ **Future**
93. According to which of the following philosophy the focus is on mastery of facts and basic skills through demonstration & recitation? **Realism**
94. How was the school founded by Aristotle known? _____ **Lyceum**
95. Fundamental meaning of the nature is **Social one**
96. How many types of obedience according to Emmanuel Kant? **Two**
97. According to Montessori, what sets the tune of development and the creation of self? **The mind**
98. Kant encourages duty and discourages _____ **Educational decisions**
99. In which stage Moral training is emphasized? **Childhood**
100. The famous statement “An unexamined life is not worth living” is attributed to **Socrates**
101. Aristotelian education is divided into _____. **Three periods**

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102. Plato's philosophy of teaching methods is about using two teaching methods, these methods are and **Didactic, Dialectic**
103. Which of the following philosopher said that "morality is established when punishment is abolished"? **Kant**
104. Doctrine means **Teaching**
105. The knowledge comes from: **Senses**
106. Socrates believed that knowledge is same thing as or excellence and is always good. **Virtue**
107. Bagley believed that every classroom must have main components which are subsequently discussed? **Three**
108. The biggest moral paradox in Kant's philosophy was **Moral autonomy**
109. According to which of the following philosopher "morality is obedience to the reason behind conduct"? **Kant**
110. According to Socrates, what is the lowest grade of cognitive activity? **Imagination**
111. Emile', Rousseau has divided Emile's education into how many stages? **4**
112. Ideas are the true **Reality**
113. Which of the following philosopher was author of the book "Oregnon"? **Aristotle**
114. Trying to understand human nature is: **The study of what makes us human**
115. Essentialist curriculum dependent on the . **Teacher**
116. Aristotle divides the virtues into: character virtues and intellectual virtues Aristotle claims that: **virtue is in our power, and so is vice**
117. Oregnon is the book of **Aristotle**
118. Socrates believed that education must takes place **Everywhere at all times**
119. Character development should be based on the 'categorical imperatives' or the maxims is said by **Kant**
120. Education teaches virtue & promotes **Wisdom**
121. According to Kant, laws of nature are laws according to which , and laws of freedom are laws according to which **everything will happen; everything ought to happen**
122. What is the ultimate aim of Rousseau Emile's? **Goodness**
123. According to Dewey, an end-in-itself is: **self-contradictory**
124. When Euthyphro attempts to define the holy as prosecuting wrongdoers, Socrates objects that: **there are many other things that are also holy.**
125. Socrates suggests that the holy is one part of: **what is just.**
126. During his trial, Socrates argues that he would never intentionally corrupt others because: **he would not know how.**
127. Socrates tells Crito that he should attempt to break out of prison if and only if doing so would be: **harmful to his enemies and advantageous to his friends.**
128. To argue that he is obliged to obey the laws of Athens, Socrates compares the city to **a spouse**
129. In the Republic, Thrasymachus claims that justice is: **the advantage of the stronger.**
130. In Book II of the Republic, Glaucon claims that justice originates from **a social agreement.**

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131. According to pragmatism truth is _____ **Changing**
132. What is the reason for difference in number of students in per class in the Montessori classroom compared to the traditional classroom? **Children Learn from one another**
133. What does Montessori feel the first step to teacher preparation should be? **Spiritual Preparation**
134. When a child is introduced to a new phenomenon, she tries to understand it with things that she already knows is called: **Assimilation & Accommodation**
135. According to Kant, moral laws are: **necessary and apply to all rational beings.**
136. What is important to develop the intrinsic judgement and emotions in a person? **Psychology**
137. According to which of the following philosopher knowledge is a process of inductive reasoning? **Aristotle**
138. Emile' one of the greatest works on developmental psychology by **Rousseau**
139. In Aristotle's view, the virtues are: **acquired through habit.**
140. The child cannot be kept away from the society who said that? **Rousseau**
141. Aristotle claims that _____ **virtue is in our power, and so is vice.**
142. According to which of the following philosopher "Transgressions are want of obedience"
Kant
143. In Aristotle's terminology, incontinence is when _____ **one knows that one's actions are wrong, but does them anyway**
144. Which one of the following philosopher was the student of Plato? **Aristotle**
145. Aristotle ends the Ethics with a segue to a discussion of _____ **politics.**
146. Aristotle ends the Ethics with a segue to a discussion of: **Politics**
147. According to Dewey, the problem of value arose _____ **when teleological considerations were eliminated from the natural sciences.**
148. Learning is about disciplined inquiry into some aspect of which of the following? **Reality**
149. Dewey maintains that the existence of valuations is determined: **by observations of behavior.**
150. ROUSSEAU was in favour of education **Women**
151. Dewey claims that value-propositions are: **propositions about matters of fact**
152. Kant encourages duty and discourages which of the following? **Emotional decisions**
153. Dewey maintains that "means" are by definition: **all of the above.**
154. Health is of utmost importance is assumed by _____. **Aristotle**
155. "Moral training is necessary to rid man of evil". This statement advocated by which of the following philosopher? **Kant**
156. Dewey maintains that "extrinsic value" is: **a contradiction in terms.**
157. Character formation begins at which of the following age? **Young**
158. Dewey claims that the difference between "what is desired" and "what is desirable" is: **that the former is an unexamined impulse, and the latter the product of investigation.**
159. Which Rousseau curriculum objective is not related to stage 3? **Self-ward**
160. Dewey argues that ends-in-view depend on: **both a and b.**

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